

All languages are multiple classifying with concord widely used in the Moil Group. Verbs exhibit a large number of morphological classes (18) determined according to whether actions are performed seated, with hands etc. There are separate markers for direct and indirect object, and fusion of subject marker and object marker and auxiliary is common. (SAW)

36. A*. MOIL GROUP*

Is a new group within the Daly Family comprising two main dialects, *Ngangigurungur* and *Ngengomeri*.

36a*. Ngangigurungur * Lower reaches of (AIAS N8)
(52Nr.; Moyle River (DT's
62Nr.; map)
25Nr.)

Ngangikarangurr (52Nr. 'RLS'), *Ngangikurrungur* (DT), *Ngangikurongor* (WGH), *Nangiwumiri* (Stanner), *Ngangigurungur* (AIAS), *Tyemeri* (alt. name - DT, 62Nr. 'RLS'), *Moil* (DT, 25Nr. 'RLS'. N60 [AIAS N8]), *Moli*, *Moyl* (also 25Nr. 'RLS')

Hoddinott and Kofod are working on this language spoken by most people at the Daly River Mission. Tryon estimates there are c. 120 speakers.

'man' : *yade* (DT); *yedi* (WGH / FMK)

36b*. Ngangumiri * Fish River (DT's N64, N65 (AIAS N17)
(40) map)

Nangumiri (T, O'G, 'RLS'), *Nanggumiri* (AC N64 'LS', orig. AIAS), *Nangimeri* (AC N65 'LS'), *Nangiwumiri*, *Nangiomeri* (Stanner), *Ngengomeri* (T, DT), *Ngankiwumirri* ('RLS'), *Ngangiwumiri* (WGH); *Wumeri* (Walsh)

Originally classified by O'Grady et al as the only member of the Nangumirian Family (No. 40 'RLS'). Reclassified here by Tryon. Is very close to *Ngangigurungur* (lexically the overlap is 77.6%) and both need to be studied together. Hoddinott's study not yet published. Probably over 100 speakers remain. There are a couple of speakers at Port Keats.