Dagudi (?), Dargudi (AC, SAW), Targoodi (Davidson), Targudi (SAW, Davidson), Tjarrgudi (von B), Tjargudi (Herrmann) Djargudi, Djalgudi (AC, alt. sp), Gumbadimaia (AC). 'Tjal'gandi (Berndt)

Is the fourth language spoken at Jigalong today. No further information to that published in 'RLS'.

56.3* Wiluna-Cosmo Newbery-Peak Hill (Central West) dialect

Daisy Bates speaks of the 'Murchison tribes' which seem to include most of those listed below. Whether they formed a distinctive linguistic unit is not known but they are grouped here on a geographical basis.

56.3a* Bid	lungu/Ngayawanga/Ngadawanga	W5 (AIAS A40)
(57.1b)	Source of Murchison River,	A38 (AIAS A29.
(56.2m)	Robinson Ranges, Lake Way,	1*)
(48Ar.)	Lake Nabberu area	

Bidungu means 'west' (von B); 'south west' (JH)

Bidungo (orig. AIAS), Bidungu (AC, AIAS), Beedungoo (DB), Bedungo (T), Peedong (C), Peedungoo (DB), Pidunga (Clement), Pidungu (von B), Ngaiawonga (Lake Way - DB), Ngaiu-(wonga) ('RLS'), Ngaja-warngga (von B), Ngayawanga (AIAS), Ngada (DB), Ngadawanga (AIAS), Ngadawonga (T, DB), Ngadhawonga (DB), Waianwonga (Lake Nabberu - DB), Ngarrga(warngga) 48Ar (von B)

O'Grady classifies Bidungu in the Marngic Subgroup as being close to Njangumarda from which it is geographically widely separated. von Brandenstein says Ngayawanga is an alternate name - a name that Daisy Bates equated with Ngadawanga as one of the Murchison tribes. Daisy Bates delineated two Ngaiawonga dialects: northern (north of Wiluna) and southern (Lake Way, Wiluna, Mt. Sir Samuel and Lawler's Range). Of the names listed above Bidungu may be the general language name and Ngaiawanga and Ngadawanga the names of the two subgroups. Hudson thinks is only a geographical term. Bates has myths, legends and a 100 word vocabulary. von Brandenstein remarks it is not to be confused with the Warburton Ranges Ngadadjara

dialect (as it has been in 'RLS' where the Warburton Ranges location is given). (Douglas says to be correct should read "Rawlinson Ranges" and the language word spelt Ngaadjadjara). Number of present day informants not known.

56.3b* Wawulja ? North west of the A38 (AIAS A29) (56.2n) Warburton Ranges (WHD)

Waula (T, O'G, 'RLS'), Wawula (AC, SAW, AIAS), probably Wawulya (WHD)

'RLS' has Ngaiu-(wonga) as an alternate name, so this is probably the same as Bidungu above. It is not marked on von Brandenstein's 1967 maps, but Douglas says what has hitherto been listed as Wawula is probably the Wawulya referred to by the Warburton Ranges people and given the location as above.

56.3c* Wardalj Due east of Three A38 (AIAS Al9)
(53.5c) Rivers Station (von B)

Means 'east' (von B)

Wardal (T, AC, O'G, 'RLS', von B), Wardalj (WHD)

O'Grady and Wurm classify as belonging to the Kardu Subgroup but von Brandenstein has surveyed and agrees with Capell it is a Western Desert language since it exhibits the Passive Verb Concept. von Brandenstein maps it much further north than Tindale. The number of people who may still know this dialect is not known. The Wadjari people pronounce it Wataly (Wardalj) and say it is spoken as far away as north east of Mundiwindi, (close to Jigalong). (WHD)

56.3d* Nugara ? A38 (AIAS A5) (53.5d)

No fresh information, but if O'Grady is right in classifying it with Wardal, it should be listed here.

56.3e* Jana ? In the immediate vicinity of Three Rivers Station (von B's map)