Ngurawola (T, AC, O'G, 'RLS', SAW, AIAS), Ngurawala (T, H, GB)

Practically the same as Bundamara according to an informant of Hercus'. Breen mentions R.H. Mathews reference to the Mullinchi tribe of Coopers Creek which may refer to Ngurawala. Which means there is still no verifiable linguistic information on this language. There is a suggestion that the word means 'empty camp' (ngura 'camp', wala 'empty') and so is not a dialect name at all.

75.2a **Garlali** Eulo west to Thargomindah D10 (AIAS D30) & Bulloo River upstream to south of Orient, Clyde and Currawinga (AC)

Garlali and dialects Breen calls the Bulloo River language. There is still a little left to record. Both Holmer & Sutton recorded from informants at Cherbourg in 1971. Breen also recorded briefly from informants at Cunnamulla and Cherbourg (1972). With Schebeck and Wurm's earlier material there is now quite a quantity recorded but nothing yet published.

75.2b **Bidjara** Bulloo Downs, Bulloo Lake, Grey Range (AIAS L43)

Bidjara (AC, AIAS), Bitjara (T, SAW, O'G, 'RLS', AIAS)

Breen lists the only source of early information F.A. Sullivan's lists in 'AR' (No. 53, Vol. 11, pp. 42-3), erroneously labelled Mamwura in 'RLS' p. 278. The classification here is based on a cognate count with Garlali of 86%.

[75.2c **Dhirila** See 75.1c*.

[75.2d **Wanggumara** See 75.1d*.

[75.2e **Ngurawola** See 75.1g*.

75.2c* **Mingabari** ? At Bulloo Downs (GB)

(M9Lr.) Minkabari (GB), Mingabari (ATAS)

Oates, L. 1975. The 1973 supplement to a revised linguistic survey of Australia. Armidale: Christian Book Centre