Means "those who say ngara for 'what' " (BG)

Ngara:ngbal (BG), Ngarangbal (SAW), Andu ? (Tweed Head - Livingstone)

Holmer says this is the same or a related dialect to the one spoken at Beaudesert, (compare Curr's vocabularies 172, 173, pp. 240-47, Vol. 111). It is considered this is the dialect O'Grady (and Oates & Oates) wrongly named Arakawal ('RLS' 92.1g) which name is now deleted. There was only one surviving speaker in 1972.

'man': mibin; bigall (C:171) ?

92j* Yugumbir East of Beaudesert to E46 (AIAS E17)
(92.2) N.S.W. border

Means "those who say yugumbe: for 'no' " (C/S)

Yugumbir (C/S, SAW), Yugumbe: (BG), Yugumbal (O'G, 'RLS'), Minjanbal ('RLS' 92.le - now deleted as separate dialect; is an alt. name for Yugumbir - BG, NH, C/S)

Cunningham (Sharpe) shows it has a bilabial and velar fricative sub-phonemic. The phonemes are as listed in the introduction to this section, including four vowels and length. Holmer tape recorded some corroboree songs and a little vocabulary & sentences (1970).

'man': mibinj (C/S); mibbin (C:173)

92A* D. GIABALIC GROUP ?

The existence of this group is in doubt and insufficient material remains to clarify its position. It seems that Giabal may be confused with Kwaimbal (Gujambal), Wiradjuric Miyal Subgroup, 98b, of which it may be an extension. Thus Wurm's 1970 classification of the following three dialects which O'Grady et al had classified with the Bandjalang dialects, is tentative only. All of these are almost certainly extinct, so the chances of collecting fresh evidence are slim.