46.4\*Ngana(w)u \* ? \*\*\* Vicinity of Mt. House Station, Isdell River and Charnley River (V)

Vaszolyi says is regarded as a Ngarinjin dialect so is tentatively listed here. Capell says it is unknown to him.

47. B. WORORIC GROUP

Structurally very close to the Ngarinjinic Group with four noun classes, auxiliary verbs and a highly elaborate tense system. Lexically also Worora and Ngarinjin are close but there are some differences in the declension of verbs and pronouns.

47.1 Wurora \*\* At Walcott Inlet, Collier K20 (AIAS K17)
Bay to Prince Regent
River (AC)

Worora (AC, APE, Love, Lucich, Coate, orig. AIAS), Worrara (Thurkle), Worrora (Love), Wurora (V, AIAS)

Still a viable language. Vaszolyi (1972) says is spoken by c. 150-200 people mainly at Mowanjin Mission where there are a number of fluent speakers. There is a need for the material of J.B.R. Love to be assessed and modernized so that this viable language is seen structurally in the light of modern linguistic theory. (The spelling above is Vaszolyi's; Capell believes the original spelling of Worora is preferable.)

'aboriginal man : i:dja, palia (Love)

[47.2 Mailnga

See Malngin, 59.4. ]

47.3 Wunggumi Area south of Walcott K18 (AIAS K14) Inlet.

Unggumi (AC, SAW, O'G, 'RLS', orig. AIAS), Ungami (?), Wongkami, Wongkomi (?), Wunggumi (V)

Wurora informants accept is a dialect of Wurora or very close to it. Vaszolyi (1972) says appears to be extinct.

Oates, L. 1975. The 1973 supplement to a revised linguistic survey of Australia. Armidale: Christian Book Centre  ${\bf 54}$