cycle (swan) and fragments of another (fish) have been collected. Breen has also collected a small corpus. A word list in a "Mulligan River dialect" by W. Fraser in "Science of Man" appears to be Yarluyandi.

'man': matarda (GB)

74.lf* Midhaga * The Bluff to Haddon L32 (AIAS L34)
Oowns, Currawilla,
Monkira & Cacoory (GB)

Midhaga (AC, AIAS), Mitaka (T, GB), Murunuda (Mathew), Marrula (name preferred by one of GB's informants) or alternatively, Marrunada (note spelling corrections to those given in 'RLS')

Breen has been collecting data and believes he has all that is now available (several hours recording comprising 200-300 words and basic grammatical material). It shares 74% common vocabulary with Garuwali.

'man': karna (GB)

74.lg* Garuwali Around Windorah, next L13 (AIAS L35) language to Midhaga (GB)

Karuwali (GB, SAW, O'G, 'RLS'), "Karawalla", "Tunberri" (both C), Currungulla (W.H.W), Garuwali (AC, AIAS)

No recent information except that Breen puts its cognate count with Yawarawarka as 36%.

74.2a* Yawarawarga Cooper Creek, Haddon L23 (AIAS L23)
Downs, Goyder Lagoon,
Arrabury ('RLS')

Jawaraworga (AC, AIAS, SAW), Jauraworka (AC, SAW), Yawarawarka (GB), Yawarawarga (AIAS), Yowerawoolka (C), Yaurorka (Howitt), Ngananhina (probably a dialect or horde name - GB)

In 1970 and 1971 Breen made further recordings at Birdsville. A little more may be possibly salvaged from a remaining informant. Corpus now tallies several hours and 200-300 words. It shares a common vocabulary with Yandruwanda of 75%.