b. Nawariyi Subgroup

25.

A multiple classifying subgroup with some concord.
(SAW)

25. Wandarang ** Ranjdjiridj (north of N91 (AIAS N120)
Rose River) south to
Wayagibi (south of
Edward Island) and
16-20 miles inland (Highes)

Wandaran (T, O'G, 'RLS'), Wandarang (AC, APE, SAW, Sharpe, AIAS), Andarang (Hughes)

A full account to supplement minor study made by Sharpe (1968-9 and 1973) would be welcome. There are some speakers at Rose and Roper Rivers and possibly elsewhere. Tindale's vocabulary of some Arnhem Land languages contains about 500 items in Wandarnag. (1928)

26. B. ALAWIC GROUP

Alawa is a prefixing language distinguishing 2 genders and 3 numbers in nouns. The verb has an invariant verb root with following auxiliary verb inflected for tense, aspect, mood and for agreement with subject and often with a referent (Sharpe). Sharpe's phonological study is of particular interest in view of the suggestion the language might have exhibited tone.

Alawa * Area encompassed by Hodgson N1 (AIAS N92)
Downs, Nutwood Downs and
Tanumbirini Stations (south
of Roper River and east of
Stuart Highway) (Sharpe)

kalawa means 'bone' (Sharpe)

Alawa (AC, APE, Berndt, O'G, 'RLS', SAW, Sharpe, AIAS), Allawa (T), Galawa, Waliburu (both Sharpe), Allua, Allowa, Alowa, Allowiri, Allaura, Leealowa, Kallana (all 'RLS')

Sharpe (Cunningham) has done major study - see Alawa