

- 27Nr. *Nangor* Possibly abbreviation of *Nangomeri* (*Ngangumiri*), 36b*. Walsh believes it is just a *Murinjbada* place name.
- 28Nr. *Ngardog* No information N71 (AIAS N40)
- 29Nr. *Ngarug* Probably alt. spelling for *Ngardog*, 28Nr.
- 30Nr. *Ngewin* See 27A*
- 31Nr. *Ngormbur* **** Alligator River N74 (AIAS N40.1)
Osborne, 1972, reported one remaining speaker at Nightcliff, Darwin. Walsh (Feb. 1974) reports one old speaker at Koolpinyah Station.
- 32Nr. *Njannga* See 122.2d*
- 33Nr. *Nordanimin* See 37.2a* and 37.2c*
- 34Nr. *Norweilimil* No information N77 (AIAS N77.1)
- 35Nr. *Rereri* No information N82 (AIAS N55)
- 36Nr. *Wad:a* No information N87 (AIAS N51)
- 37Nr. *Walu* No information N90 (AIAS N152)
- 38Nr. *Warejdbug* See 4, *Amarag*
- 39Nr. ***Wengej*** Possibly part of *Gunwinjgu*, 11.1a
- 40Nr. *Widjilg* No information N96 (AIAS N52)
- 41Nr. *Wilingura* No further information N97 (AIAS N99)
- 42Nr. *Oidbi* See *Yiwadja*, 2
- 43Nr. *Gunei* See 11.1a.
- 44Nr. *Gundjeipmi* See 11.1c*
- 45Nr. *Maiali* See 11., *Gunwinjguan* Family
- 46Nr. *Nambuguja* No information N63 (AIAS N49)
- 47Nr. *Gidjingali* See 20a.
- 48Nr. *Wurangu* No information N80, N45 (AIAS N37)
- 49Nr. *Nalawgi* Group name for some *Gunwinjgu* languages (see comment 'RLS')
- 50Nr. *Galwa* No information (AIAS N91)
- 51Nr. *Djarawala* No information (AIAS N48)
- 52Nr. *Ngangigarangur* See 36a*
- 53Nr. *Agarinman* Alt. spelling for *Ngarinman* 59.5 'RLS'
- 54Nr. *Garig* See 5A*

The subgroup has multiple-classifying dialects with the phonemes as follows: *b, d, dj, rd, k, h, m, n, nj, rn, ng, l, rl, y, rr, r, w, i, e, a, o, u* (Carroll's for *Gunwinjgu*). A feature is the incorporation of noun objects in the verb as in *Tiwi*.

The following classification is a combination of that of Harris and Wurm, which differs in some important details to that of O'Grady et al. *De?ynegmi* and *Djebmi* have been added as *Gunwinjgu* dialects; the Girdimarg Subgroup as well as the Buanic Group and Bi Subgroup have been deleted and *Gunbalang* and *Buan* regarded as part of the Binin Subgroup; and *Dangbon, Ngalgbon* and *Dalabon* are now regarded as the one language.

Maiali (45Nr. 'RLS') is a general term used for the Gun-dialects which are centered around Oenpelli (Wood). Further information is that the word has different meanings in different areas. It is used in the Katherine - Beswick area where it would apply to a different group to that in the Oenpelli area.

11.1a Gunwinjgu * Oenpelli area, N40 (AIAS N65)
(43Nr.) western Arnhem Land

Gunwinggu (T, AC, Berndt, Oates, APE, Carroll, orig. AIAS), *Gunwinjgu* (Carroll, AIAS), *Gunwinghu* (Jernudd), *Gunei* (43Nr. 'RLS' - possibly a slurring of *Gun-wunei* - Glasgow) (Spelling changed on information supplied by Carroll)

Carroll has continued depth studies and has produced in typescript or processed form *Gunwinjgu* phonemes (1969), and grammar (1970), a computerized concordance (1970) and language lessons. R.M. & C.H. Berndt have published the text of 33 *Gunwinjgu* songs (Pacific Linguistics, 1970), and Harris a study of *Gunguring* - and *Gunwinjgu* mother-in-law language (also Pacific Linguistics, 1970). (The latter is structurally similar to *Gunwinjgu* and is usually referred to by the avoidance name *Ngarrimikme* meaning "we get (or take) abstention or taboo-ness", so as to avoid the real name *Gunkurrng* or *Gun-gurung* (Harris). Carroll estimates the number of speakers to be about 900; 450 at Oenpelli and as many again in surrounding areas who know it as a second language. It has become the lingua franca for much of north-western Arnhem Land.

'man' : *bininj* (Oates)