

*Waragumai* (AC), *Waragumaigan* (orig. AIAS), *Wargumay* (RMD, AIAS), *Warkamai* (O'G, 'RLS'), *Warekamai* (T);  
tribal name: *Wargamaygan* (RMD)

Shares 60% vocabulary with *Giramay* with which it has some grammatical similarities (pronoun systems identical), but it has no noun classes. Dixon has c. 500 words, grammatical notes and 4 short texts transcribed by West and explained by one of the last speakers. In 1970 Sutton contacted about a dozen people who know a little.

'aboriginal man' ; *yamara* (Doolan)

106A\*

C. YIDINIC GROUP\*

(formerly Atherton Pama Subgroup)

(Atherton Tablelands)

Wurm (1970) reclassifies this group (originally the Atherton Pama Subgroup of the Pama-Maric Group) as the Yidinic Group. Dixon has worked on these languages and agrees with the 'AL' grouping into two languages, but he adds two hitherto unclassified dialects to each language: *Bulway* and possibly *Yirgay* to *Djabugay*; and *Gunggay* and *Madjay* to *Yidin*.

These dialects are phonologically of the simplest type, distinguishing only 13 consonants and 3 vowels (the same as the Djirbalic and Yalangic Groups). They have regular CVCV syllables as a major type and stress falls word initial.

106A.1a\* Yidin \* Gordonvale, Mulgrave Y55, Y56 (AIAS Y117)  
(102.2) River area immediately  
south of Cairns

*Gidin-ji* (Mulgrave R. - R), *Idindji* (AC, AIAS, SAW, T),  
*Idin* (AC), *Yidin* (RMD, SAW, AIAS), *Yeti*, *Yedtinji*  
(Griffin) - a dialect name; the Bellenden Ker dialect

Hale has written a short sketch grammar. Sutton recorded sentences and text, 1970. Dixon is gathering data towards a depth study as enough remains to make this possible. Has 27% common vocabulary with *Ngadjan*.

'man' : *wagudja* / *bogal* (PS)