

- 79Yr. *Rarmul* See 117.1b*, Rarmulic Paman
- 80Yr. *Wik Way* A collective term for Northern Paman languages (KH) (Derived from *wik* 'language', *way* 'bad')
- 81Yr. *Njunggal* See 107.1b*
- 82Yr. *Jalunju* Yalanjic Group, 107.6b*
- 83Yr. - 86Yr. Information as given in 'RLS'
- 87Yr. *Ug'windjila* Possibly *Agu Windjila*, if so, a term for Central Paman speakers used by the *Rarmul(?)* (BAS)
- 88Yr. *Waigur* Sommer has found no source for this name on the field or in the literature
- 89Yr. *Wal'boram* No fresh information
- 90Yr. *Walmbarddha* Mis-identification in 'RLS'. See 109*, and 33Yr.
- 91Yr. *Wulbudji'bur* Nothing further
- 92Yr. *Di:ru* See 111.1 'RLS'
- 93Yr. *Narungu* Not listed in this revision. Comment it belongs with the Yara Subgroup unconfirmed
- 94Yr.* *Koko-Koko** Sutton (1970) met an informant at Townsville who claimed to speak this language

12B. RESIDUE NORTH-EASTERN ARNHEM LAND (AREA N cont.)

- 1NAr. *Maragulu* See 124.4a*
- 2NAr. *Djambarbwingu* See 124.1a*
- 3NAr. *Garmalangga* See 129.3e*
- 4NAr. *Gorlba* See 129.1*
- 5NAr. *Gujula* See 124.1a*
- 6NAr. *Burada* Deleted - same as 20a *Burera*
- 7NAr. *Bural-Bural* See 129.2a*
- 8NAr. *Buranadjini* See 126a*
- 9NAr. *Dai, Dhayi* Deleted N118
 Not a language name. Means 'green ants'. Probably confused with *Dha'i*, a group name taken from a dialectal word for 'that' (see 128*.) Or it may be

108.2*? Pipon Island language ? **** Pipon Island

Was recorded by West. Sommer (1972) says one informant remains from whom the language may be recovered. Locationally belongs here.

109*, ? F. FLINDERS ISLAND GROUP ?

It is not known where the Flinders Island language fits into the classificatory picture. West regarded it and others in the vicinity as intermediate between *yimidhirr* and *Lamalama*. Sommer's comment that it looks like a development of Eastern Pama tends to confirm West's view. Language name is in doubt. It appears to have two orders of stops and at least 5 vowels. Most initial consonants are lost or reflected by *w* (*p* and *k*) and palatals may become *y* word initial. There is evidence of a laminal split; in C_2 position **It* is reduced to *t* and intervocal nasals are reflected by voiced stops. (BAS) Sutton is continuing depth study.

109*. "Flinders Island" *** Flinders Y119 (AIAS Y61)
(33Yr.) Island & extensive
(38Yr.) reefs north of
Princess Charlotte
Bay (AC)

Walmbaria (AC, T, AIAS, 'RLS' 33Yr.), *Wurima*, *Wurrima* (PS), *Biyalgeyi*, *Ba Yalgayi* (BAS), *Ayi*, *Aji* (Y6, AIAS Y67, 'RLS' 38Yr.)

Sommer, Dixon and Sutton have all collected a little of the 'Flinders Island language' in recent years. Sommer names 4 possible speakers, the one he recorded from claiming full fluency. Sutton is now concentrating on the study of this language. He says the name *Biyalgeyi* given Sommers is equivalent to *Abayalgayi*, and is only a clan name. It is the language Capell called *Walmbaria* ('RLS' 33Yr.)

'person' : *aba* (PS)