\(E_{pa}\) (BAS), \(W_{ikepa}\) (McC, T, O'G, 'RLS'), \(W_{ik Ep}\) (CK); known as 'bush rat' people (McC)

Probably now as few as 3 first speakers only remain. Hence need urgent if more of this dialect is needed for comparative purposes.

114.6a* \textbf{Wik Ngathar} ** North of Cape Keer Y96 (AIAS Y51) Weer (T's map)

\(W_{ik Nathr}\) (BAS), \(W_{ik Ngatara}\) (T, O'G, BAS, 'RLS'), \(W_{ik-Ngathar}\) (CK), \(W_{ik Ngatara}\) (Thomson),

(29Yr.)

Tindale marks both \(W_{ik Ngatara}\) and \(W_{ik Natanja}\), one north and the other south of Cape Keer Weer. Sommer (forthcoming) lists both \(W_{ik-Nathr}\) and \(W_{ik-Ngatara}\). Kilham distinguishes \(W_{ik-Ngathan}\) and \(W_{ik Ngathar}\) as being two separate dialects.

114.6b* \textbf{Wik Ngathan}

\(W_{ik Ngathan}\) (CK), \(W_{ik Ngatan}\) (BS), \(W_{iknatanya}\) (McC)

114.7a* \textbf{Wik Iyanja} *** Headwaters of Coen River, south to about Coen, Egagoola & Pollappa Stations (BS map); possibly also to headwaters of Holroyd & Edward Rivers (based on McC information)

Means 'those who say iyani/iyana instead of iyanga "this"?' (McC)

\(W_{ik Iyanja}\) (AIAS), \(W_{ik Iyanya}\) (McC), \(W_{ik Iyenyana}\) (BS), \(W_{ikianyi}\) (Thomson ?), \(W_{ik-Iyan}\) (Iyenyana) (CK)

Not previously listed, but a dialect included by Sommer, Kilham and Sayers. O'Connell said was a name given southern \(W_{ik Munkan}\) of Kendall, Holroyd and Edward Rivers by the northern \(W_{ik Munkan}\) of the Archer River. Kilham says there are c. 20 speakers at Aurukun and Edward River but the speech of those at the former place is mixed with Munkan.

'man': \textit{pama} (Hall)